

Type of construction: **REMODEL/ADDITION**
 Applicable Building Codes: **IBC 2018, ASCE 7/SEI 7-16**

Location: **6550 80th Ave SE
 Mercer Island, WA 98040**

Work performed :

Lateral & Gravity Design

WIND DESIGN:

$$P_s = \lambda_w P_{s30} K_{zt}$$

Exposure : **C**

Wind Exposure Category as set forth in Section 26.7 of ASCE 7-16

Wind Speed = **85 MPH**

Basic Wind Speed (LRFD) as used in Figure 28.5 of ASCE 7-16 and converted to (ASD)

P_{s30} =

Simplified design wind pressure for Exposure B, at $h = 30$ feet and for $I = 1.0$, from Figure 28.5-1

I_w = **1**

Importance factor as defined in Table 1.5-2 of ASCE 7-16

λ = **1.29**

Adjustment factor for building height and exposure from Figure 28.5-1 of ASCE 7-16

K_{zt} = **1.67**

Adjustment factor for increased wind speed due to a hill or escarpment from Section 26.8 of ASCE 7-16

Roof slope :

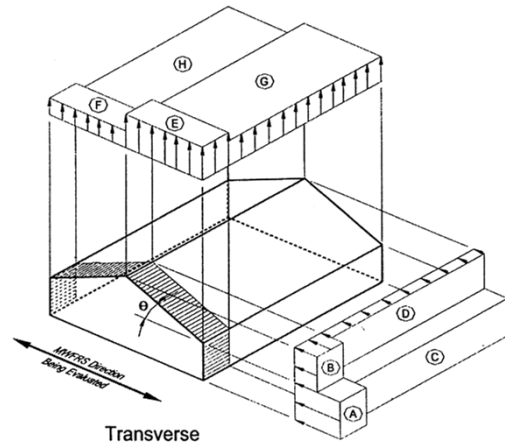
Front/Rear $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} \right) = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{12} \right) = 18.4 \text{ degrees}$
 Left/Right $\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{12} \right) = 18.4 \text{ degrees}$
 Mean Elevation **20 ft**

Number of floors: **2**

Average uplift (F/R) = **-18.0 psf** Based on wind zones 'G' and 'H'
 Average uplift (R/L) = **-18.0 psf** Based on wind zones 'G' and 'H'

	End zone of wall		End zone of roof	
	Front/Rear	Left/Right	Front/Rear	Left/Right
P_{s30} =	A = 15.4 psf	15.4 psf	B = -4.4 psf	-4.4 psf
P_s =	33.2 psf	33.2 psf	-9.4 psf	-9.4 psf

	Interior zone of wall		Interior zone of roof	
	Front/Rear	Left/Right	Front/Rear	Left/Right
P_{s30} =	C = 10.3 psf	10.3 psf	D = -2.4 psf	-2.4 psf
P_s =	22.1 psf	22.1 psf	-5.2 psf	-5.2 psf



WIND LOAD CALCULATIONS
FRONT → REAR

2ND FLOOR =

WIND ZONE	B	D	D		A	C						
AVE. HEIGHT	6	6	6		4	4						
AVE. WIDTH	11	26	35		11	26						
P_s	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	33.18	22.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SUBTOTAL	0	0	0	0	1460	2301	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	5,800 lbs		Minimum net pressure controls. The calc. pressure is less than the min. net pressure, equal to 16psf(A-C), and 8psf(B-D) applied over the entire area. (ASCE 7-16 28.5.3)									

1ST FLOOR =

WIND ZONE	A	C										
AVE. HEIGHT	9	9										
AVE. WIDTH	11	57										
P_s	33.18	22.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SUBTOTAL	3285	11348	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	14,633 lbs											

NOT USED

WIND ZONE												
AVE. HEIGHT												
AVE. WIDTH												
P_s	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SUBTOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0 lbs											

WIND LOAD CALCULATIONS

LEFT → RIGHT

ΣV 2ND FLOOR =

WIND ZONE	B	D	C			A	C					
AVE. HEIGHT	4	5.5	6			4	4					
AVE. WIDTH	8	13	18			8	41					
Ps	0.00	0.00	22.12	0.00	0.00	33.18	22.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SUBTOTAL	0	0	2389	0	0	1062	3628	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	7,078 lbs											

ΣV 1ST FLOOR =

WIND ZONE	A	C	A	C								
AVE. HEIGHT	5	5	4	4								
AVE. WIDTH	8	41	9	68								
Ps	33.18	22.12	33.18	22.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SUBTOTAL	1327	4535	1194	6017	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	13,073 lbs											

NOT USED

WIND ZONE												
AVE. HEIGHT												
AVE. WIDTH												
Ps	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
SUBTOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0 lbs											

ρ CALCS:

2ND FLOOR CALCULATIONS:

Plate Height:	8.00 ft
Total length of Shearwall in Shortest Line:	12.00 ft
Length of Shortest Segment within Shear Line:	3.00 ft
Length of Longest Segment in Shear Line:	3.00 ft

Tributary Area:	1.0
Total Area:	2.0

$\rho = 1.00$
ASCE 7-16 12.3.4.2 b

MAIN FLOOR CALCULATIONS:

Plate Height:	8.00 ft
Total length of Shearwall in Shortest Line:	9.00 ft
Length of Shortest Shearwall within Shear Line:	3.00 ft
Length of Longest Wall in Shear Line:	3.00 ft

Tributary Area:	1.0
Total Area:	2.0

$\rho = 1.00$
ASCE 7-16 12.3.4.2 b

NOT USED:

Plate Height:	10.00 ft
Total length of Shearwall in Shortest Line:	10.00 ft
Length of Shortest Shearwall within Shear Line:	4.50 ft
Length of Longest Wall in Shear Line:	5.50 ft

Tributary Area:	1.0
Total Area:	2.0

$\rho = NA$

All loads in pounds per square foot

SEISMIC DESIGN:

$E = E_h + E_v$

$E = \rho Q_E + .2S_{DS}D$

$Q_E = V = C_s W$

WALL DEAD LOAD =	10 psf
FLAT ROOF SNOW LOAD =	25 psf
RED. S.L. (20%*S.L.) =	0

ROOF DEAD LOAD =	15.0 psf
UPPER FLOOR D.L. =	15.0 psf
LOWER FLOOR D.L. =	15.0 psf
FLOOR LIVE LOAD =	40.0 psf

$\rho =$	1.00
Site Class =	D
$I_E =$	1
R =	6.5
$h_n =$	24

Geotech Report **No** 20% Seismic Load Increase
 Importance factor as defined in Table 11.5-1

Total height of structure

$V = 0.7S_{DS}I_E W / R$ $S_{DS} = 2/3 S_{MS}$
 $V_{max} = S_{D1}I_E W / T_g R$ $S_{MS} = (F_a)(S_s)$
 $T_g = 0.02h_n^{0.75}$ $S_{D1} = 2/3 S_{M1}$
 $T_g = 0.22 s$ $S_{M1} = (F_v)(S_1)$

$S_s =$	146.7%	$S_{MS} =$	176.0%
$F_a =$	1.20	$S_{DS} =$	117.4%
$S_1 =$	50.8%	$S_{M1} =$	76.2%
$F_v =$	1.50	$S_{D1} =$	50.8%

$V =$	0.126	W
$E =$	0.126	W
$C_s =$	0.126	

2ND FLOOR DIAPHRAGM LOADING:

W (ROOF) =

LENGTH	WIDTH	LOAD	TOTAL
52	28	15.0	21840
17	3	15.0	765
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0

Area = 1507 Sub-Total= 22605

W (FLOOR) =

LENGTH	WIDTH	LOAD	TOTAL
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0

Area = 0 Sub-Total= 0

W (WALL) =

LENGTH	TRIB. HT.	LOAD	TOTAL
150	4	10.0	6000
75	4	10.0	3000
		10.0	0
		10.0	0
		10.0	0

Area = 900 Sub-Total= 9000

TOTAL = 31605 lb

1ST FLOOR DIAPHRAGM LOADING:

W (ROOF) =

LENGTH	WIDTH	LOAD	TOTAL
41	30	15.0	18450
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0

Area = 1230 Sub-Total= 18450

W (FLOOR) =

LENGTH	WIDTH	LOAD	TOTAL
49	25	15.0	18375
13	3	15.0	585
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0

Area = 1264 Sub-Total= 18960

W (WALL) =

LENGTH	TRIB. HT.	LOAD	TOTAL
150	8	10.0	12000
150	8	10.0	12000
		10.0	0
		10.0	0
		10.0	0

Area = 2400 Sub-Total= 24000

TOTAL = 61410 lb

NOT APPLICABLE

W (ROOF) =

LENGTH	WIDTH	LOAD	TOTAL
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0

Area = 0 Sub-Total= 0

W (FLOOR) =

LENGTH	WIDTH	LOAD	TOTAL
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0
		15.0	0

Area = 0 Sub-Total= 0

W (WALL) =

LENGTH	TRIB. HT.	LOAD	TOTAL
		10.0	0
		10.0	0
		10.0	0
		10.0	0
		10.0	0

Area = 0 Sub-Total= 0

TOTAL = lb

V (2ND FLOOR) = .126 x 31605 lb = 3994 lbs
 V (1ST FLOOR) = .126 x 61410 lb = 7761 lbs
 V () = .126 x lb = lbs

REDISTRIBUTE:

$\Sigma V \times \rho$	height	$\Sigma V \times \text{height}$
3994 lb	17	67906
7761 lb	8	62092
lb		0

TOTAL = 11756 lb

TOTAL = 129998

E (2ND) = $\frac{\Sigma V \times \text{height} \times \Sigma V \text{ TOTAL}}{\Sigma V \times \text{height TOTAL}}$ = 6141 lbs

E (1ST) = $\frac{\Sigma V \times \text{height} \times \Sigma V \text{ TOTAL}}{\Sigma V \times \text{height TOTAL}}$ = 5615 lbs

E () = NOT USED = 0 lbs

SUMMARY:

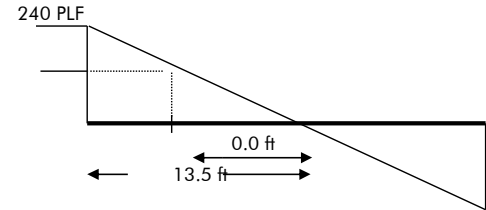
	WIND (front-rear)	WIND (left-right)	SEISMIC
ΣV (2ND) =	5800 lbs	7078 lbs	7369 lbs
ΣV (MAIN) =	14633 lbs	13073 lbs	6738 lbs
NOT APPLICABLE	0 lbs	0 lbs	0 lbs
TOTAL =	20433 lbs	20152 lbs	14107 lbs

DIAPHRAGM SHEAR:

Total diaphragm length = 64.0 ft Sub-diaphragm length = 39.0 ft
 Diaphragm width = 27.0 ft ΣV (MAIN) = 14,633 lbs

$$v = \frac{\Sigma V(2nd)}{(2)(width)} = \frac{8917 \text{ lb}}{54 \text{ ft}} = 165 \text{ PLF}$$

IBC Table 2306.3.1 \longrightarrow 240 PLF



USE 15/32 CDX ROOF SHEATHING OR 3/4 T&G CDX SUBFLOORING w/8d AT 6 in o/c(PANEL EDGE), END 8d AT 12in o/c(PANEL FIELD)

CHORD:

Sub-diaphragm length = 39.0 ft Total-diaphragm length = 64.0 ft
 Sub-diaphragm width = 27.0 ft

$$T = \frac{M}{B} = \frac{\Sigma V \times (\text{diaphragm length})}{8 \times (\text{diaphragm width})} = \frac{8917 \times 39 \text{ ft}}{8 \times 27 \text{ ft}} = 1610 \text{ lbs}$$

Top Plate Size: 2x4 Species/Grade: HF #2

Area = 5.25 in² $F_t = 525 \text{ psi}$
 Load duration (C_D) = 1.33 $T_{\text{allowable}} = \text{Area} \times C_D \times F_t = 3,666 \text{ lbs}$

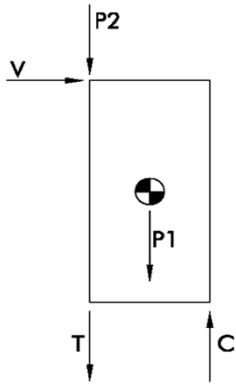
Since T allowable is greater than T applied, OK.

SHEAR CAPACITY OF 10d COMMON NAIL = 102 lbs $102 \times C_d \times p = 136 \text{ lbs}$ 2018 NDS

OF NAILS PER 4 FT SPLICE = $\frac{1610 \text{ lbs}}{136 \text{ lbs}} = 12$

USE 2x4 HF #2 TOP PLATE W/ (2) 10d NAILS @ 8 in O/C.

Lateral Calculation Key



V = Shear, plf
 H = Height of shearwall
 L = Length of shearwall
 P1 = Weight of shearwall and connected framing
 P2 = Weight of adjacent wall

$T = V \times H - 0.5P1 - P2 =$ Tension reaction to be resisted by holdown
 $C = V \times H + 0.5P1 =$ Compression reaction

ASD Basic Load Combinations

For calculation of tension and compression forces in compliance with ASCE 7-16 2.4.1

Tension Equations (Uplift)

7. $0.6D + W$

8. $(0.6 - 0.14S_{Ds})D + E \longrightarrow 0.44 D + E$

*8. $(0.6 - 0.14S_{Ds})D + 2.5 E \longrightarrow 0.44 D + 2.5 E$

Compression Equations

5. $D + W$

5. $(1 + 0.14S_{Ds})D + E \longrightarrow 1.16 D + E$

6. $D + 0.75W + 0.75L + 0.75S$

6. $(1.0 + 0.105S_{Ds})D + 0.75E + 0.75L + 0.75S \longrightarrow 1.12 D + 0.75 E + 0.75 L + 0.75 S$

*5. $(1 + 0.14S_{Ds})D + 2.5E \longrightarrow 1.16 D + 2.5 E$

*6. $(1.0 + 0.105S_{Ds})D + 1.875E + 0.75L + 0.75S \longrightarrow 1.12 D + 1.875 E + 0.75 L + 0.75 S$

* Equations include overstrength factor.

Note: The 0.7 factor for Earthquake loading has already been incorporated into the calculation of the lateral design force E_h , but not E_v . Therefore this factor has been omitted from equations 5, 6 and 8 where appropriate.